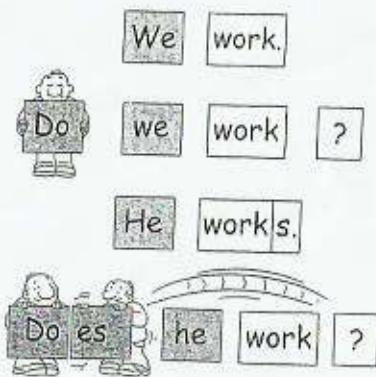


Grammar

Present simple – forma interrogativa



Do	I/you	work?
Does	he/she/it	work?
Do	we/you/they	

Usa **do** + I/you/we/they + forma base del verbo.
Usa **does** + he/she/it + forma base del verbo.

9 Cerchia l'opzione corretta.

- 1 Do/Does Ellie run fast?
- 2 Do/Does you talk to your pet?
- 3 Do/Does Andy talk about his dad?
- 4 Do/Does the men visit Andy's dad?
- 5 Do/Does your mum work at home?
- 6 Do/Does your grandparents use a computer?

10 Completa le domande con do o does e il verbo tra parentesi.

- 1 Does May's dad (work) work at home?
- 2 _____ you (walk) _____ to school?
- 3 _____ May (talk) _____ to her dad?
- 4 _____ May and Liang (walk) _____ to school?
- 5 _____ Shuo and May (have) _____ dinner with Jimu?
- 6 _____ Liang (go) _____ to school?
- 7 _____ they (have) _____ breakfast at six?
- 8 _____ your dad (work) _____ here?

11 Riordina le parole per formare frasi interrogative.

- 1 live/do/here/you/? _____
- 2 to/does/this/go/Ellie/school/? _____
- 3 a/use/does/brother/computer/your/? _____
- 4 TV/do/every/your/watch/evening/parents/? _____
- 5 at/does/father/your/home/work/? _____
- 6 do/in/your/London/live/grandparents/? _____
- 7 Chinese/Carol/does/speak/? _____
- 8 eat/do/peanuts/rabbits/? _____

12 Volgi le frasi in forma interrogativa.

- 1 Jimu gets up at six.
Does Jimu get up at six?
- 2 He rides his bike to work.

- 3 He watches TV at nine o'clock.

- 4 He uses a computer at home.

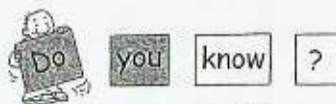
- 5 May has breakfast with her parents.

- 6 Liang goes to school.

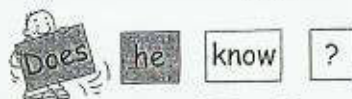
- 7 They get up early at the weekend.

- 8 Jimu comes home late.

Present simple – forma interrogativa e risposte brevi



Yes, I do.



Yes, he does.

Do you know? Yes, I do./No, I don't.
Does he know? Yes, he does./No, he doesn't.

Yes/No,	I/you	do/don't.
Yes/No,	he/she/it	does/doesn't.
Yes/No,	we/you/they	do/don't.

Nelle risposte brevi affermative usa **Yes + I/you/we/they + do** o **Yes, + he/she/it + does**.
Nelle risposte brevi negative usa **No + I/you/we/they + don't** o **No, + he/she/it + doesn't**.

13 Rispondi alle domande con una risposta breve affermativa (✓) o negativa (X).

- 1 Do Sarah and Nick come from Britain? (X)
- 2 Do you speak French? (X)
- 3 Do rabbits eat apples? (✓)
- 4 Does Ellie ride her bike to school? (✓)
- 5 Does Michael walk to work? (✓)
- 6 Do your grandparents live in London? (X)

14 Riordina le parole in modo da formulare domande. Dai poi risposte brevi personali.

- 1 work/at/does/mother/home/your/?

- 2 here/do/grandparents/your/live/?

- 3 the/up/do/get/early/you/morning/in/?

- 4 do/school/use/a/you/computer/at/?

- 5 bike/does/to/father/ride/his/your/work/?

Extra

15 Pairwork. Fatevi domande e date risposte sulla vostra famiglia e i vostri amici.

- ride a bike to work
- play the guitar
- speak French
- walk to school
- do homework every day
- work at home

A: Does your dad ride a bike to work?
B: Yes, he does.

16 Completa il brano con la forma corretta dei verbi tra parentesi.

I ¹ _____ (get up) at seven o'clock.
My mum ² _____ (get up) at 5.30!
She ³ _____ (work) in a hospital.
She ⁴ _____ (drive) to work. My sister and I ⁵ _____ (ride) our bikes to school.
What time ⁶ _____ (we/go) to bed?
My sister and I ⁷ _____ (not go) to bed very early but my mum ⁸ _____ (go) to bed at 8.30!

Present simple – forma affermativa



I/You	work.
He/She/It	works.
We/You/They	work.

he, she, it

Alla terza persona singolare:

- aggiungi una -s al verbo → walks
- aggiungi invece -es ai verbi terminanti in -x, -z, -o, -s, -sh, -ch → goes, passes, washes, watches
- con i verbi terminanti in -y preceduta da una consonante sostituisci la -y con -ies → studies

1 Scrivi i verbi alla terza persona singolare.

- 1 come _____
- 2 fly _____
- 3 play _____
- 4 stretch _____
- 5 carry _____
- 6 wash _____
- 7 do _____
- 8 speak _____

2 Cerchia l'opzione corretta.

- 1 My mum works/workes in a school.
- 2 Mark and Joe plays/play football.
- 3 John's grandparents come/comes from Australia.
- 4 Sue plays/plaies the guitar.
- 5 I study/studies English.
- 6 Jack run/runs through walls.
- 7 We watch/watches TV.
- 8 You walk/walks to school.

3 Usa le parole per scrivere delle frasi affermative.

- 1 he/get up/at five o'clock

- 2 she/ride/her bike to school

- 3 we/go/to sleep at nine o'clock

- 4 they/walk/to school

- 5 she/study/in the dining room

- 6 he/visit/his aunt on Saturdays

4 Completa il brano con la forma corretta dei verbi tra parentesi.

A day in the life of my dad

My dad's name is Jimu Ruan. He ¹ gets up (get up) at half past six. He ² _____ (have) breakfast with my mum then he ³ _____ (go) to work. He ⁴ _____ (ride) his bike to work. He ⁵ _____ (visit) a lot of people. He's a doctor. At four I ⁶ _____ (do) my homework. My dad ⁷ _____ (come) home late and he ⁸ _____ (use) his computer then he ⁹ _____ (read) the newspaper. At nine o'clock we ¹⁰ _____ (watch) TV. Well, I ¹¹ _____ (watch) TV and he ¹² _____ (go) to sleep!

By May



Present simple – forma negativa



I/You	don't	work.
He/She/It	doesn't	work.
We/You/They	don't	work.

Usa **don't** + la forma base del verbo con **I, you, we e they.**

Usa **doesn't** + la forma base del verbo con **he, she, e-it.**

don't = do not
doesn't = does not

5 Cerchia l'opzione corretta.

- 1 Pablo don't/doesn't do his homework.
- 2 I don't/doesn't have lunch at school.
- 3 Miss Troy don't/doesn't speak Italian.
- 4 The men don't/doesn't visit Mr Pearce.
- 5 Giraffes don't/doesn't eat peanuts.
- 6 Andy don't/doesn't talk about his dad.

6 Riordina le parole per formare frasi negative.

- 1 have/at/Joe/doesn't/dinner/six

- 2 the/my/don't/friends/piano/play

- 3 every/my/I/visit/day/don't/grandparents

- 4 to/Mark/speak/doesn't/you

- 5 walk/school/we/to/don't

- 6 German/don't/you/study

- 7 a/work/mum/in/doesn't/school/my

- 8 from/come/those/don't/students/Spain

7 Scrivi le frasi alla forma negativa.

- 1 My dad works at home.

- 2 I ride my bike to school.

- 3 My friends come from Spain.

- 4 Jason studies French.

- 5 We play tennis.

- 6 My grandfather uses a computer.

- 7 You get up early every day.

- 8 Ben and Sarah read the newspaper.

8 Completa il brano con la forma negativa dei verbi tra parentesi.

A day in the life of my mum

My mum's name is Shuo. She ¹ doesn't (get up) at half past six. She gets up at six! She ² _____ (have) breakfast with me – she has breakfast with my dad. I ³ _____ (see) my dad in the morning. My mum ⁴ _____ (go) to work – she is at home with my brother, Liang. He ⁵ _____ (go) to school – he's only two. My dad ⁶ _____ (have) dinner with us. He comes home late but he ⁷ _____ (work) at the weekend. We ⁸ _____ (get up) early at the weekend. ☺

By May

